How can we Index a journal in Index Copernicus?

Farnaz Tabatabei Kowsar March 2012

Current language: English ▼



About Copernicus

- Developed since 1999, Index Copernicus is a Web-based Research Infrastructure, developed since 1999, which provides essential tools for scientists, research administrators and government agencies.
- Index Copernicus is an excellent platform for scientists' networking and execution of joint research projects. This web-based scientists' collaboration platform, called **Virtual Research Groups (VRG)**, its aim is to enhance research productivity. VRG provides a complete research environment, which offers a set of essential tools to promote and initiate international, multi-location research.

Index Copernicus Evaluation Methodology 2012

Stage 1.

Detailed Parametrical analysis

The following groups of parameters are evaluated:

- 1. **Scientific quality**: 580 base points (58.0%)
- 2. **Editorial quality:** 200 base points (20.0%)
- 3. **International availability**: 135 base points (13.5%)
- 4. **Frequency-Regularity-Stability:** 50 base points (5.0%)
- 5. **Technical quality**: 35 base points (3.5%)
- 6. **Total:** 1000 base points (100,0%)

Stage 2.

Negative score analysis

Negative score is given for:

irregular or late issuance [late by up to one publishing period (-30), joint issues (-50), late more than one publishing period (-60)]

Unethical advertisement placement [within article (-60), directly before/after article (-40).

Stage 3.

Expert peer-review

Frequency-Regularity-Stability: 50 base points (5.0%)

- a) Scientific significance of the published material [±20]
- b) Up-to-date content [±20]
- c) Educational value [±20]

First step to indexation is journal registration on

http://journals.indexcopernicus.com/application.
php.

Registration involves completing the electronic form. After a successful registration you will receive confirmation along with the steps to follow to complete the conditions of evaluation.

Time of journal evaluation varies depending on many factors:

- The date of journal registration
- The date of printed or electronic copies delivery
- ▶ The frequency of publications

The End